## Counterexample to a conjecture of Mujica

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## Abstract

Let U be an open subset of a Banach space E. In [2] Mujica shows there is a unique Banach space  $G^{\infty}(U)$  and a bounded holomorphic mapping  $\delta_U$  from U into  $G^{\infty}(U)$ with the property that given any Banach space F every bounded holomorphic function from U into F factors through  $G^{\infty}(U)$  as a continuous linear mappings. The properties the Banach space  $G^{\infty}(U)$  are similar to those of E. In [4] Mujica asks if  $G^{\infty}(U)$  is weakly sequentially complete when E is weakly sequentially complete. In this paper we provide a counterexample to this conjecture.

In [2] Mujica proves the following result:

**Theorem 1.** (Mujica) Let U be an open subset of a Banach space E then there is a Banach space  $G^{\infty}(U)$  and  $\delta_U \in \mathcal{H}^{\infty}(U; G^{\infty}(U))$  such that the following universal property holds: Given any Banach space F and any  $f \in \mathcal{H}^{\infty}(U; F)$  there is a unique continuous linear operator  $T_f: G^{\infty}(U) \to F$  such that  $f = T_f \circ \delta_U$ .

The pair  $G^{\infty}(U)$  and  $\delta_U$  are characterized up to isometric isomorphism by this property. The Banach space  $G^{\infty}(U)$  can be realised as the space of all linear functionals on  $\mathcal{H}^{\infty}(U)$  whose restriction to each multiple of the unit ball of  $\mathcal{H}^{\infty}(U)$ is continuous for the compact open topology. The holomorphic function  $\delta_U$  is then defined by  $\delta_U(x) = \delta_x$  where  $\delta_x(f) = f(x)$ . Furthermore  $\mathcal{H}^{\infty}(U)$  is isometrically isomorphic to  $G^{\infty}(U)'_b$ , the strong dual of  $G^{\infty}(U)$ .

The vector space properties of  $G^{\infty}(U)$  are closely related to those of E. Indeed in [2], Mujica shows that if U is balanced open in E then  $G^{\infty}(U)$  has the approximation property if and only if E has the approximation property, while if  $B_E$  is the open unit ball of E then  $G^{\infty}(B_E)$  has the metric approximation property if and only if E has the metric approximation property.

Continuing the study of  $G^{\infty}(U)$  in [4] Mujica poses the following question:

**Problem.** Let U be a bounded open subset of a weakly sequentially complete Banach space E. Is  $G^{\infty}(U)$  weakly sequentially complete?

We will give an example to show that the answer to this question is no. We begin with the observation that  $L^1(\partial \Delta)/H_0^1(\Delta)$  is the unique isometric predual of  $\mathcal{H}^{\infty}(\Delta)$  (see [1]) and that this space is weakly sequentially complete and has cotype 2. We shall need the following result of Pisier [5].

**Theorem 2.** (Pisier) There is a weakly sequentially complete Banach space Z with cotype 2 such that  $(L^1(\partial \Delta)/H_0^1(\Delta)) \bigotimes_{\pi} Z$  contains a copy of  $c_0$ .

In particular this will mean that  $(L^1(\partial \Delta)/H_0^1(\Delta)) \bigotimes_{\pi} Z$  is not weakly sequentially complete and does not have cotype 2.

Clearly we have that  $\mathbf{C} \bigoplus_{\infty} Z$  is weakly sequentially complete.

By Proposition 2.3 of [2] we see that Z is isomorphic to a complemented subspace of  $G^{\infty}(B_Z)$ . By Theorem 6.1 of [3]

$$G^{\infty}(\Delta \times B_Z) \simeq G^{\infty}(\Delta) \widehat{\bigotimes}_{\pi} G^{\infty}(B_Z)$$
$$\simeq \left( L^1(\partial \Delta) / H^1_0(\Delta) \right) \widehat{\bigotimes}_{\pi} G^{\infty}(B_Z)$$

which contains  $(L^1(\partial \Delta)/H_0^1(\Delta)) \otimes_{\pi} Z$  as a complemented subspace. Therefore we see that  $G^{\infty}(\Delta \times B_Z)$  cannot be weakly sequentially complete. The space  $C \bigoplus_{\infty} Z$  is also an example of a Banach space with cotype 2 with open unit ball  $\Delta \times B_Z$  such that  $G^{\infty}(\Delta \times B_Z)$  does not have cotype 2.

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